

LANGUAGE RICH EUROPE

MULTILINGUALISM FOR STABLE AND PROSPEROUS SOCIETIES



Language Rich Europe is a project co-financed by the British Council and the European Commission, which promotes knowledge sharing about good policy and practice in language learning and teaching across Europe. It encourages Europeans to learn more languages at all stages of their lives.

It is a networking project which will bring together over 1,200 policy makers and practitioners from 24 countries and regions to discuss and develop better policies and practices for multilingualism. Network members are drawn from the fields of education, business, public services and the media.

Through our network of experts and partners we have conducted an analysis of language policies and practices in Europe, comparing them against selected European Commission and Council of Europe recommendations. The results of this research have been published in Language Rich Europe – Trends in Policies and Practices for Multilingualism in Europe, available for download from www.language-rich.eu

Eight language domains are covered by the LRE survey. As the first domain, we include a meta-domain which looks at the availability of official national/regional documents and databases on language diversity. Given the key role of language learning in education, four domains focus on the main stages of publicly funded education from pre-school to higher education. In addition, three language domains outside and beyond education are addressed, in order to capture levels of multilingual services in society and business. All in all, the eight domains of the questionnaire are covered by a total of 260 questions, distributed across these domains as outlined in the following table:

N	Language domains	N questions
1.	Languages in official documents and databases	15
2.	Languages in pre-primary education	34
3.	Languages in primary education	58
4.	Languages in secondary education	60
5.	Languages in further and higher education	30
6.	Languages in audiovisual media and press	14
7.	Languages in public services and public spaces	31
8.	Languages in business	18
	Total of questions	260



Given the significant diversification in post-secondary education at the national and crossnational level, domain 5 focuses on language provision in further (vocational) and higher (university) education. As a result, this domain yields highly binary and complementary data on post-secondary education.

We hope that this questionnaire will serve as a valuable tool for self-evaluation and the gathering of additional data, leading to further discussions on language policy and practice.

The questionnaires for the other domains can be downloaded from our website www.language-rich.eu/materials-media.html.

LANGUAGES IN FURTHER AND HIGHER EDUCATION

Languages in public vocational education and training (VET)				
Nat	tional language in pu	ıblic vocational edu	cation and training (VET)
1	Are language support programmes offered in the national language at your VET centre?	Yes	No If no, go to question	on 8
	If yes, what kinds of language support programmes in the national language are offered at your VET centre?	A wide variety of programmes, ranging from basic communication to advanced language skills.	A limited variety of programmes as language support or jobrelated languagesupport in specific areas.	No language support programmes are provided
2	What are the target groups for language support programmes for the national language in your VET centre?	Both native and non-native speakers of the national language who need to improve their language skills in certain job-related domains.	Only certain target groups such as recent arrivals (newcomers) in the country or unemployed people.	No target groups are specified.
3	Is there a coherent and explicit curriculum for language support in the national language as first and/or second language?	A coherent and explicit curriculum is used.	Curriculum guidelines or targets are not explicit in general terms.	No curriculum guidelines or targets are available.



4	Are the aims and outcomes of language support programmes in the national language described and assessed in terms of job-related skills and/or in terms of general academic 'up-skilling' and lifelong learning?	Both types of skills are taken into consideration.	General academic 'up- skilling' and lifelong learning are focused on.	Job-related skills are focused on.
5	What are the costs for learners to take part in such programmes?	There are no costs involved for the participants.	Part of the costs are covered by the participants.	Full costs are paid by participants.
6	Do partnerships between your VET centre and commercial enterprises play a role in improving competences in/of the national language?	Training periods in commercial enterprises are compulsory in our VET.	Training periods in commercial enterprises are optional in our VET.	Training periods in commercial enterprises are not part of our VET.
7	Do European instruments and principles such as the European Credit System for VET or Europass play a role in defining and applying learning outcomes in the national language?	Yes	No	
	If yes, which instruments?			
	eign languages in p			(VET)
8	Are foreign language programmes offered at your VET centre?	Yes	∐ No If no, go to questio	on 13



	If yes, which foreign languages are offered at your VET centre as subject and/or medium of instruction?			
9	What kinds of programmes are offered in foreign languages?	A wide variety of programmes, ranging from basic communication to advanced language skills.	A limited variety of programmes as language support or basic language training.	No specifications are given.
10	Is there a coherent and explicit curriculum for teaching foreign languages?	A coherent and explicit curriculum is used.	Curriculum guidelines or targets are expressed in general terms.	No curriculum guidelines or targets are available.
11	Are the aims and outcomes of education in foreign languages described and assessed in line with the principles and approach of the CEFR? (see Eurydice/EuroStat 2008: 108-109)	The aims and outcomes of such education are defined in line with the CEFR principles and approach.	The aims and outcomes of such education are defined in line with own/national regulations.	No explicit specifications of aims and outcomes are given.
12	What are the costs for learners to take part in such programmes?	There are no costs involved for the participants.	Part of the costs are covered by the participants.	Full costs are paid by the participants.
Reg	ional/minority lang	uages in public voca	ational education an	d training (VET)
13	Are regional/minority language programmes offered at your VET centre?	Yes	☐ No If no, go to questi	on 17

	If yes, which regional/ minority languages are offered at your VET centre as subject and/or medium of instruction?			
14	What kinds of programmes are offered in regional/minority languages?	A wide variety of programmes ranging from basic communication to advanced language skills.	A limited variety of programmes as language support or basic language training.	No specifications are given.
15	Is there a coherent and explicit curriculum for teaching regional/minority languages?	explicit curriculum is used.	Curriculum guidelines or targets are expressed in general terms.	No curriculum guidelines or targets are available.
16	What are the costs for learners to take part in such programmes?	There are no costs involved for the participants.	Part of the costs are covered by the participants.	Full costs are paid by the participants.
		n public vocational e	ducation and training	ng (VET)
17	Are immigrant language programmes offered at your VET centre?	Yes	☐ No If no, go to questi	on 21
	If yes, which immigrant languages are offered at your VET centre as subject and/or medium of instruction?			
18	What kinds of programmes are offered in immigrant languages?	A wide variety of programmes, ranging from basic communication to advanced language skills.	A limited variety of programmes as language support or basic language training.	No specifications are given.



19	Is there a coherent and explicit curriculum for teaching immigrant languages?	explicit curriculum is used.	Curriculum guidelines or targets are expressed in general terms.	No curriculum guidelines or targets are available.
20	What are the costs for learners to take part in such programmes?	There are no costs involved for the participants.	Part of the costs are covered by the participants.	Full costs are paid by the participants.
Lan	guages in public ge	neral university edu	ucation	
21	Is there a clause or rule regarding the language(s) of instruction at your University?	National, foreign, and regional/minority languages can be used as medium of instruction in lectures.	National and foreign languages can be used as medium of instruction in lectures.	Only the national language can be used as medium of instruction in lectures.
22	Are students guaranteed tuition in particular languages?	Students are guaranteed tuition in both the national language and in other languages.	Students are guaranteed tuition only in languages other than the national language.	Students are guaranteed tuition only in the national language.
23	In which language(s) does your university offer information on its website regarding university programmes and regulations?	In national, foreign, and regional/minority languages.	In national and foreign languages.	Only in the national language.
24	Does your university offer language support programmes in the national language to non-language students?	Language support programmes are offered to both native and non- native speakers of the national language whose language proficiency needs to be improved.	Language support programmes are offered only to non-native speakers of the national language.	No language support programmes are offered outside language programmes.



25	In which languages other than the national language are language training programmes offered to non- language students at your university? What is the status of the offer of language training programmes as	Graduation requirement.	Offered for voluntary take-up.	☐No specifications are given.
26	referred to in question 24?	The sime and	The sime and	No evalicit
26	Are the described aims and assessed outcomes of education in languages other than the national language in line with the principles and approach of the CEFR? (see Eurydice/EuroStat 2008: 108-109)	The aims and outcomes of such education are defined in line with the CEFR principles and approach.	The aims and outcomes of such education are defined in line with own or national regulations.	No explicit specifications of aims and outcomes are given.
27	Are there admission requirements for language skills at the Bachelor's level?	For national language skills For foreign language skills For regional/minority language skills		□No
	If so for foreign languages, in which academic studies are entrance levels required for which languages?			
28	Are there admission requirements for language skills at the <i>Master's level</i> ?	For national langu For foreign langua For regional/minor	ige skills	No



	If so for foreign languages, in which academic studies are entrance levels required in which languages?			
29	Does your university make special efforts to attract students from non-national language backgrounds through special leaflets, ads, and so on?	Both international students abroad and students with immigrant backgrounds at home are targeted.	Such activities target only international students abroad.	Φnly native speakers of the national language are targeted.
30a	Does your university make special efforts to encourage student mobility (a programme for spending time abroad) among students studying languages?	──Yes, it is obligatory	Students are encouraged but it is not obligatory	No
30b	Does your university make special efforts to encourage student mobility (a programme for spending time abroad) among your non-language-students (i.e. students studying other subjects, not languages)?	Yes, it is obligatory	Students are encouraged but it is not obligatory	No

This project is a delivered by a consortium of over 30 partners and is co-managed by a steering group







































































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With the support of the Lifelong Learning Programme of the European Union





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